NPS Form 10-900 (January 1992) Wisconsin Word Processing Format (Approved 1/92)

United States Department of Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900A). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

OMB No. 10024-0018

1. Name of Property
historic name Old Shawano Road
other names/site number Outagamie and Shawano Plank Road
2. Location
street & number STH 156 and CTH K N/A not for publication city or town Navarino N/A vicinity state Wisconsin code WI county Shawano code zip code 54166
3. State/Federal Agency Certification
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this <u>X</u> nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property <u>X</u> meets _ does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant _ nationally statewide <u>X</u> locally. (_ See continuation sheet for additional comments.) Signature of certifying official/Title Date
State or Federal agency and bureau
In my opinion, the property _ meets _ does not meet the National Register criteria. (_ See continuation sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of commenting official/Title Date
State or Federal agency and bureau

Old Shawano Road		Shawano	Wisconsin	
Name of Property		County and State		
4. National Park Service C	ertification			
hereby certify that the property is:entered in the National RegisterSee continuation sheetdetermined eligible for the National RegisterSee continuation sheetdetermined not eligible for the National RegisterSee continuation sheetremoved from the National Registerother, (explain:)				
	Signature	of the Keeper	Date of Action	
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (check as many boxes as as apply) private public-local X public-State public-Federal	Category of Property (Check only one box) building(s) district X structure site object	Number of Resourc (Do not include prev in the count) contributing	noncontributing buildings sites structures objects	
Name of related multiple property listing: (Enter "N/A" if property not part of a multiple proper listing. None		Number of contribu is previously listed i N/A	total iting resources in the National Register	
6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructio Transportation/road-related	ns)	Current Functions (Enter categories from inst Vacant/Not in Use	ructions)	
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructio N/A	ns)	Materials (Enter categories from inst Foundation N/A walls N/A	ructions)	
		roof N/A other		

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Old Shawano Road Shawano Wisconsin Name of Property County and State

8. Statement of Significance

(Mar	icable National Register Criteria k "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria fying the property for the National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
		ARCHAEOLOGY: Historic-non-Aboriginal TRANSPORTATION: Road-related
_ A	Property is associated with events that have	ENGINEERING: Early road construction
_^	made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	ENGINEERING: Early road construction
_B	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
_ C	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics	Period of Significance
_ C	of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant	1855-1910
	and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	
ΧD	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield,	Significant Dates
_	information important in prehistory or history.	1855, 1858-59, 1910
	eria Considerations k "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	
Prope	erty is:	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked)
_ A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	(Complete if Citerion B to marked)
_B	removed from its original location.	
_ C	a birthplace or grave.	Cultural Affiliation
_ D	a cemetery.	Euro-American
_ E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
_ F	a commemorative property.	Architect/Builder
_ G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Outagmie and Shawano Plank Road Company

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Old Shawano Ro	oad		Sha	wano	Wisconsin
Name of Property			Coun	ty and State	
9. Maior Bibliog	raphic References				
	- ·· F				
(Cite the books, artic	les, and other sources used	in preparing this form or	one or mo	ore continuation sh	eets.)
 preliminary determination previously listed Register previously determination the National Redesignated a National Redesignated a National Redesignated recorded by History 	mined eligible by gister	Survey#	State Other Feder	Name of repositor	ion Office
10. Geographica	l Data				
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·	escription (Describe the boin (Explain why the boun			ŕ	
11. Form Prepar	ed By				
name/title	Rosebrough/Archaeolog Archaeological Rese	arch Incorporated	ulson/Seni	date	06/2002
street & number	1735 North Paulina S	Street, Suite 113		telephone	773-384-8134

city or town

Chicago

60622

date telephone zip code

IL

state

Old Shawano Road Shawano Wisconsin

Name of Property County and State

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional Items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner

Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name/title Navarino State Wildlife Area

organizationWisconsin Department of Natural Resourcesdatestreet&number952 Tacoma Beach Roadtelephone

city or town Sturgeon Bay state WI zip code 54235

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects, (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

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Insert Description of Physical Appearance

Introduction

The Old Shawano Road site is located within the Navarino State Wildlife Area in Shawano County, Wisconsin. The site consists of a plank roadbed remnant, a portion of the Outagamie-Shawano Plank Road incorporated in 1855 and built in this area between 1858 and 1859. The plank road was the first overland link between the Shawano area and the Lake Winnebago region. The plank road had a strong influence on the history of settlement in the region from the outset, with most families eschewing riverfront property in favor of farmstead locations near the road. The site traverses a wooded area consisting of new and old growth forest and is bisected by a channelized stream.

History of Investigations

The Old Shawano Road site was first encountered during a Phase I Archaeological Survey of Portions of CTH K in Shawano County, Wisconsin in November 2000. Historic research, conducted by Archaeological Research Incorporated, suggested that the linear earthen feature was probably a remnant of the Outagamie and Shawano Plank Road. However, others suggested that the feature was a man made dike constructed to facilitate cranberry harvesting. A Phase II Archaeological Investigation was recommended to clarify the function of the linear earthen feature, and if the feature was determined to be a portion of the Outagamie and Shawano Plank Road, whether it retained sufficient information potential to be eligible to the National Register of Historic Places.

The Phase II Archaeological Investigation was conducted on October 2 and November 1, 2001. The investigation was conducted in the late fall to assure that adequate visibility of the entire linear earthen feature. The investigation on October 2, 2001 concentrated on clarifying the function of the linear earthen feature. The location was verified and the entire length walked. Historic plank road engineering construction techniques, not noted during Phase I Investigations, further combined with historic maps suggested that the feature was a plank roadbed. Particular attention was paid to the location, species and age of trees confirming that the feature was a roadbed not a dike.

Consultation with SHPO ensued and an agreement was reached that instead of archaeologically bisecting the roadbed or placing test units, that a profile from the existing bisection by that channelized stream was acceptable. WDNR issued the permit and a profile was cleaned and mapped on November 1, 2001. At that time, a metal probe was utilized at regular intervals to determine whether sleepers or planks were present subsurface. Vegetation was considerably low and intact decaying planks were noted strewn at regular intervals across the high point and slopes of the earthen feature. Field measurements conforming to standard engineering plank road size and construction combined with the presence of planks confirmed that the site is a remnant of the Outagamie and Shawano Plank Road.

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Site Description

The site consists of a linear earthen feature, the actual plank roadbed, and is generally oriented southeast to northwest (FIGURE 1). The roadbed remnant measures approximately 1500 feet long and 30 feet wide. The width includes an engineering feature in the form of two man made ditches to either side of the roadbed. The highest point of the roadbed was measured at approximately 4.5 feet. The profile was mapped and the measurements conform to standardized engineering plank road construction. Intact, albeit decaying, planks are strewn across the high point and slopes of the roadbed. No sleepers, an engineering feature utilized to support the planks, were encountered.

End of Description of Physical Appearance

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Insert Statement of Significance

Summary

The Outagamie-Shawano Plank Road, commonly historically known as the Old Shawano Road, is significant as a historic archaeological remnant of one of the earliest transportation road types in Wisconsin. Specifically, the Old Shawano Road is an excellent example of an early commercial tollroad, a precursor to the tollway system of the mid twentieth century. The early commercial tollroad time period is sandwiched between the Old Military Roads system in Wisconsin, which focused on moving troops and goods and the Good Roads Movement in Wisconsin, which focused on free public roads. Engineering plank roads was a solution to building good surface roads regardless of terrain. By the time the Old Shawano Road was built, engineering standards regarding the protocol for building plank roads were well established (Kingsford 1851).

The potential to retrieve information regarding plank road engineering construction and by extrapolation the viability of private road construction versus government, local, state or national road construction is extremely high. The Old Shawano Road retains a high degree of integrity of location and setting as the Navarino Wildlife Area buffered and preserved the road from encroachment. The design conforms to standard engineering protocol for plank roads in the United States. The degree of integrity of materials and workmanship is extremely good. Plank road construction methods, construction periods and identification of plank tree species are all potentially recoverable. The plank road still conveys a sense of time and place. The Old Shawano Road is potentially eligible for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion D. Significance relates to transportation with early plank roads in Wisconsin and plank engineering road construction.

History of the Old Shawano Road

The history of plank road development in Wisconsin is well described in various sources (Bolton 1897, Hotchkiss 1906, State Highway Commission 1947, Pommer 1950 and Wyatt 1986). The Outagamie-Shawano Plank Road (Appleton to Shawano) was chartered by territorial and state legislatures in 1855 under Chapter Law 199 (State Highway Commission 1947: 229). Bolton attributes the charter to the Outagamie and Shawano Plank Road Company incorporated on March 20, 1855. He established the route "From Appleton to such a point in County of Shawano as may be determined by commissioners". The track was to be timber, stone, plank or gravel (Bolton 1897: 44). Investors put up \$100,000 that was divided into \$25 public shares (Bolton 1897: 44). Unfortunately, the original records housed at the State Capital of Wisconsin concerning the incorporation of the plank roads were lost in a 1904 fire (Pommer 1950: Preface).

Construction began at New London in Outagamie County, and continued northward to Shawano between 1858 and 1859. The original road consisted of a narrow wagon track with corduroy laid down

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in marshes and bogs. Prior to construction of the road, travel between the Appleton and Shawano settlements had been confined primarily to the Wolf River. The extensive marshes and swamps bordering the river made foot traffic difficult, but there are hints that the Old Shawano Road may have followed the course of an earlier native trail extending from Ouistatimong to Lake Shawano. This trail, like the later road, would have taken travelers through a large sugar bush in sections 28 and 29, just south of the proposed project area.

The Old Shawano road was constructed using a mixture of dirt, logs and tamarack poles, providing a rough, if impermanent, pavement suitable for the soft soil and marshy conditions. The Old Shawano Road, running through the swampy and sandy ground, required frequent repair including several episodes of extensive earthmoving. The engineering construction and building techniques of plank roads is well described in three sources (Kingsford 1851, Hotchkiss 1906 and Sloane 1955). In fact both Hotchkiss and Sloane, appear to use Kingsford as the primary reference. Kingsford's book may be considered the earliest precursor manual to the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (ASHTO) policy and standards book. The average United States plank roadbed was a total of 30 feet. The 30 feet included two ditches to either side of the part of the road actually traveled by wagon or stagecoach. The Old Shawano Road profile conforms to the measurements as detailed by the manual (FIGURE 2). The planks on the roadbed appear to measure 9 inches to 16 inches wide also a standard mentioned in the Kingsford manual. The road's frequent costly repairs, caused by the impermanent nature of the road construction materials, were eventually its downfall.

The Old Shawano Road and stage line was the first overland link between the Shawano area and the Lake Winnebago region. The road had a strong influence on the history of settlement in the region from the outset, with most families eschewing riverfront property in favor of farmstead locations near the road. By the mid-1860 the road was heavily trafficked, particularly during the fall and winter when logging sleds could be hauled over its frozen surface. In 1867, a stage line was initiated along the road, with daily round trips between Shawano and Shiocton. The stage brought not only travelers and new immigrants, but provided a swift method of mail delivery. A log school was built near the road in 1869, at a spot south of the present intersection of STH 156 and CTH K. The school was used as a convenient stage stop, where bilingual students could translate between the English speaking stage drivers and their primarily Scandinavian passengers. By 1871 an inn and livery stable had been constructed near the school. The following years saw the construction of homes and businesses, leading to the formation of the community of Hilda.

There are indications that the course of the road fluctuated over the years, particularly near the southern end of the project area. Maps of the township predating 1911 indicate that the road ran a

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relatively straight course from a point east of the log school to the northeast through sections 17 and 18. By 1911 the course of the road had changed, running to the west of the Hilda Cemetery (CTH K now runs to the east), between the cemetery and the former location of the old log school, before curving northeast past the Kittleson log cabin and stage coach inn. The road continued northeastward to the southernmost sand ridge in the Navarino State Wildlife Area, crossing the ridge further to the east than CTH K does today, before curving northward. It is probable that the Old Shawano Road site was abandoned around 1910 in favor of a location nearer the cemetery and school (FIGURE 3).

The Old Shawano Road was traveled for approximately fifty years. Other portions of the road, no longer present or obliterated by CTH K, shifted at various points in time in response to community needs. The overall decline of the road relates to the construction of the rail system and modern CTH K, a public funded road.

Research Potential

The Old Shawano Road site has the research potential to yield information on engineering techniques utilized during the road's construction. The existence of a historic plank road engineering manual in comparison to actual physical construction may provide information on engineering variability (plans versus as built plans). The planks have the potential to yield information on the engineering material and whether or not it related to expediency or choice. The planks may also help yield information on the vegetation at time of construction. Information gathered may be compared to existing data on Old Military Road construction to help build a comparative road database.

End of Statement of Significance

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Insert References

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1906 *Rural Highways of Wisconsin*. Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey, Bulletin No. XVIII, Economic Series No. 11. State of Wisconsin: Madison, Wisconsin.

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Randall, G.A.

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Rosebrough, Amy E.

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Wisconsin Timber and Land Company

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Wyatt, Barbara

1986 Cultural Resource Management in Wisconsin: A Manual for Historic Properties, Volume 1, State Historical Society of Wisconsin, Division of Historic Preservation: Madison, Wisconsin.

End of References

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_Insert Boundary Descriptions

Verbal Boundary Description

The boundary of the Old Shawano Road is shown as the double parallel line on the accompanying U.S.G.S. 7.5 Minute Series Topographic Lunds Quadrangle Map.

Boundary Justification

The southern and northern boundary of the site is established by the presence of a linear earthen feature, which extends for approximately 1500 feet. The linear earthen feature and two man made ditches to either side correspond to the Old Shawano Roadbed. The width of the Old Shawano Roadbed is 30 feet wide. Furthermore, the Old Shawano Road runs from the southeast to the northwest and ranges from 50 to 150 feet east of CTH K. The southern terminus bends and extends southeast for an indeterminate distance.

End of Boundary Descriptions

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Old Shawano Road Vicinity of CTH 156 and CTH K Shawano County, WI Karen Poulson Archaeological Research, Inc. November 1, 2001 View to northeast Photograph 1 of 5

Old Shawano Road Vicinity of CTH 156 and CTH K Shawano County, WI David Keene Archaeological Research, Inc. November 1, 2001 View to northwest Photograph 2 of 5

Old Shawano Road Vicinity of CTH 156 and CTH K Shawano County, WI Karen Poulson Archaeological Research, Inc. November 1, 2001 View to east Photograph 3 of 5

Old Shawano Road Vicinity of CTH 156 and CTH K

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Shawano County, WI David Keene Archaeological Research, Inc. November 1, 2001 Detail of plank Photograph 4 of 5

Old Shawano Road Vicinity of CTH 156 and CTH K Shawano County, WI David Keene Archaeological Research, Inc. November 1, 2001 Detail of plank Photograph 5 of 5

End of Photo Descriptions